

Vitaly Pilkin



The Future of Human Civilization

A Forecast Until 2100

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The Future of Human Civilization: A Forecast Until 2100

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Аннотация

Human civilization will face significant upheavals until 2050. The only way to save human civilization is to divide humanity into two large associations of human societies. By 2050, the division of humanity into two large associations of human societies will be fully formed. By 2100, human civilization will be able to resolve its most pressing problems. The final globalization of human societies will occur in the 22nd century.

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Abstract

Human civilization will face significant upheavals until 2050. The only way to save human civilization is to divide humanity into two large associations of human societies. By 2050, the division of humanity into two large associations of human societies will be fully formed. By 2100, human civilization will be able to resolve its most pressing problems. The final globalization of human societies will occur in the 22nd century.

Tools Used

In preparing this forecast, the author relied on his following research works:

- The Nature of Human and Social Development [1],
- Theory of the Nature of the Universe and Man [2],
- How to Control AI (Practical Guide) [3],
- The Future of the United States (A Forecast to 2050) [4].

Definition of Terms

Human thinking is the ability of a human, limited by the level of development of the human brain, to manage the search, receipt and processing of information that the human brain carries out, to understand and manage the received and processed information.

Human intellect is the ability of a human, limited by the level of development of human thinking, to manage the transformation of information that the human brain carries out, and to manage the transformed information.

Human consciousness is a human's personal attitude to the external world, limited by the level of development of human thinking and intellect, which arises from the human's awareness of himself as rational being distinct from the external world.

Human society is a collection of humans united by common, concrete historical conditions of material life (hereinafter referred to as society).

The historical development of society is the process of changing the social, economic, political, and cultural position of society over time.

Competition is the rivalry between objects of living nature for material resources (humans are objects of living nature).

Western societies are Western European countries, Great Britain, the United States, Canada, and Australia.

Non-Western societies are those countries that are capable of competing with Western societies (e.g., Brazil, India, China, Russia, and some others).

Facts Used

From [1] follows:

- All objects of living nature (microorganisms, plants, fungi, insects, animals, humans) are forced to compete with one another to varying degrees for material resources (livelihoods, food, space, and others). This competition contributes to the development of objects of living nature and, consequently, their survival. The presence of a competitive environment is a prerequisite for the development and survival of objects of living nature.

Конец ознакомительного фрагмента.

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